

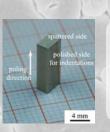
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Motivation

The crack growth resistance of a doped PZT ceramic is evaluated after combined thermo-mechanical loading between room temperature (RT) and 400 °C. The thermal-, stress-induced depolarisation effects due to domain switching are assessed by the indentation fracture (IF) method.

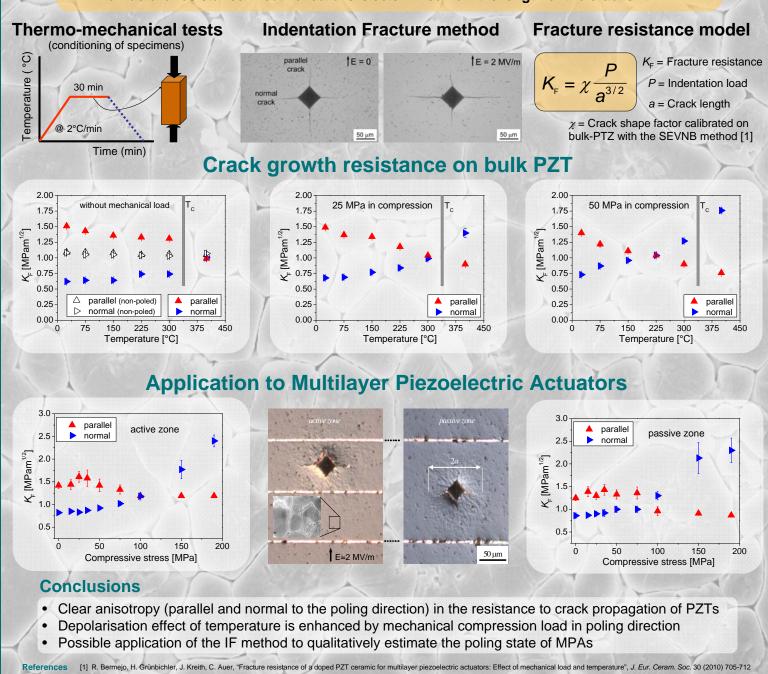


Material of study

Commercial bulk soft doped-PZT specimens (4 x 3 x 10 mm³) were polished, sputtered with Cr-Ag and poled in longitudinal direction with E = 2 MV/m.

Experimental procedure

- I. Mechanical load in compression is applied along the longitudinal axis at a certain temperature
- II. After cooling down, specimens are indented. Parallel and normal cracks to E-field are measured
- III. The fracture resistance in both directions is determined from the length of the cracks



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